

Roll No:

BTECH

(SEM V) THEORY EXAMINATION 2023-24

ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTATION AND MEASUREMENTS

TIME: 3 HRS

M.MARKS: 100

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably. **SECTION A**

1. Attempt *all* questions in brief.

Q no.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Differentiate accuracy and precision.	2	1
b.	The measured value of resistance is 10.250hm, where as its value is 10.22 ohm. Determine absolute error of measurement	2	1
c.	Write down advantages of digital voltmeter.	2	2
d.	Define term calibration with an example.	2	2
e.	Define importance of Kelvin double bridge over Wheatstone bridge.	2	3
f.	Name any two bridges for capacitance measurment.	2	3
g.	Describe the function of Vertical deflection plate and horizontal deflection plate in CRO?	2	4
h.	Differentiate CRO and DSO.	2	4
i.	Write down temperature range of thermistor, thermocouple and RTD.	2	5
j.	Name any two devices to measure flow.	2	5

SECTION B

2.	Attempt any <i>three</i> of the following:		r
a.	Explain the principle of PMMC instrument? How controlling torque provided in PMMC	10	1
	instrument?		
b.	Explain Transistor voltmeter circuit with working principle.	10	2
c.	Explain the working of Kelvin double bridge for measurment of low resistance.	10	3
d.	Explain the working of Q-meter with working principle and circuit diagram.	10	4
e.	Draw construction diagram of thermocouple and explain its working.	10	5

SECTION C

3.	Attempt any one part of the following:		
a.	Discuss the advantages of DC ammeter and DC voltmeter. Explain the working of DC	10	1
	voltmeter with suitable diagram.		
b.	The coil dimensions on a galvanometer are $l=d=2.5$ cm, and the air gap flux density is	10	1
	100mT.The light-beam pointer is 2.5m, and the control spring constant is 5×10^{-6} Nm/rad.		
	Calculate the number of coil turns to give a current sensitivity of $100 \text{mm}/\mu\text{A}$ when the on-		
	scale deflection is 300mm.		
4.	Attempt any <i>one</i> part of the following:		
a.	Discuss the working of digital voltmeter system with principal diagram and applications.	10	2
b.	Define probes. Explain how current can be measured with electronic instrument.	10	2
5.	Attempt any one part of the following:		·
a.	Explain how unknown inductance can be measured by Maxwell bridge?	10	3
b.	Explain the working of Wheatstone bridge with circuit diagram.	10	3
6.	Attempt any one part of the following:		
a.	Describe construction and working of Digital storage oscilloscope (DSO) with its application. Why it is widely preferred over CRO?	10	4
b.	Explain wave analyzer and digital counter with working principle and block diagram.	10	4
7.	Attempt any one part of the following:	I	
a.	Discuss construction diagram and working principle of LVDT. Draw the combination of	10	5
	Burdon tube with LVDT.		
b.	Explain how strain can be measured by strain guage. Derive it mathematically.	10	5