Printed Pages:02

Paper Id: 238248

Sub Code:KCS-402

100

Roll No.

# B.TECH (SEM IV) THEORY EXAMINATION 2022-23 THEORY OF AUTOMATA AND FORMAL LANGUAGES

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

#### SECTION A

## 1. Attempt all questions in brief.

 $2 \times 10 = 20$ 

- (a) What do you understand by grammar?
- (b) What do you mean by ε-Closure in FA?
- (c) State Arden's Theorem.
- (d) State Kleen's Theorem.
- (e) Derive the CFG for (a+b)\*.
- (f) Explain Chomsky Hierarchy.
- (g) Explain pumping lemma for context free language.
- (h) Draw the graphical representation for PDA.
- (i) Explain Halting Problem of Turing Machine.
- (j) Explain Linear bounded Automata.

#### SECTION B

## 2. Attempt any three of the following:

10x3=30

- (a) Construct a DFA for ternary number divisible by 4.
- (b) Determine the FA accepted by the language described by the regular expression: (0+1)\*0(0+1)\*0(0+1)\* over the alphabet  $\{0,1\}$  and also mention the accepted language
- (c) Consider the grammar with following production rules:

S-ABD | AC

A→aA l bAa la

B→bbA | aB | AB

C→aCa laD

D→aD I bC

Convert the above grammar into Chomsky Normal Form.

- (d) Design a PDA for the language L= {WW<sup>T</sup> | W= (a+b)<sup>\*</sup>}
- (e) Write short notes on:
  - i) Church's Thesis
  - ii) Recursive and Recursive Enumerable Language

#### SECTION C

## 3. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

(a) Construct a DFA equivalent to the NFA

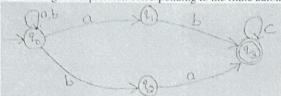
(b) Construct a minimum state automata equivalent to a DFA whose transition table is as follows where q3 and q4 are final state.

State/∑	Input	
	A	b
→ Q0	Ql	Q2
Q1	Q4	Q3
Q2	Q4	
Q2 Q3	Q4 Q5	Q6
Q4	Q7	Q3 Q6 Q6 Q6
Q5	Q3	Q6
Q6	Q6 Q4	Q6 Q6
Q7	Q4	Q6

# 4. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

(a) Find the regular expression corresponding to the finite automata given below:



(b) State pumping lemma for regular language. Prove that the language L= {a<sup>p</sup> | p is prime} is not regular.

# 5. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

(a) A context free grammar G is given by the following productions:

E→E+EIE-EIE\*EIE^EIN

N→0111213141516171819

Determine whether the grammar G is ambiguous or not.If ambiguous then construct an unambiguous grammar equivalent to G.

(b) Explain Closure properties of regular language.

# 6. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

- (a) Design a two stack PDA for the language  $L=\{a^nb^nc^n \mid n>=1\}$
- (b) Generate CFG for the given PDA M is defined as

M = ({q0, q1}, {0,1} {x, z0},  $\delta$ , q0, z0, q1) where  $\delta$  is given as follows:  $\delta$  (q0,1, z0) = (q0, xz0)

 $\delta(q0,1, x) = (q0, xx)$ 

 $\delta(q0,0,x) = (q0,x)$ 

 $\delta\left(q0,\,\varepsilon,\,x\right)=\left(q1,\,\varepsilon\right)$ 

 $\delta\left(\mathrm{ql},\varepsilon,x\right)=\left(\mathrm{ql},\varepsilon\right)$ 

 $\delta(q1,0,x) = (q1,xx)$ 

 $\delta(q1,0,z0) = (q1, \epsilon)$ 

## 7. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

- (a) Design a Turing Machine for the language: L={a^bb^c^1 n>=1}
- (b) Write short notes on:
  - (i) Variants of Turing Machine
  - (ii) Post Correspondence problem
  - (iii) Universal Turing Machine