

Roll No.

**B. Tech.**  
**(SEM VI) CARRY OVER THEORY EXAMINATION 2017-18**  
**Compiler Design**

**Time: 3 Hours****Total Marks: 100**

**Note:** 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.  
 2. Any special paper specific instruction.

**SECTION A**

**1. Attempt all questions in brief. 2 x 10 = 20**

- a) what is translator?
- b) Differentiate between compiler and assembler.
- c) Discuss conversion of NFA into a DFA . also give the algorithm used in this conversion.
- d) Write down the short note on symbol table.
- e) Describe Data structure for symbol table .
- f) What is mean by Activation record
- g) What is postfix notations ?
- h) Define Three address Code
  
- i) What are Quadruples.
- j) what do you mean by regular expression?

**SECTION B**

**2. Attempt any three of the following: 10 x 3 = 30**

a). Write down the regular expression for

- 1. The set of all string over {a,b} such that fifth symbol from right is **a**.
- 2. The set of all string over {a,b} such that every block of four consecutive symbol contain at least two zero.

b). Construct the NFA for the regular expression  $a/abb/a^*b^*$  by using Thompson's construction methodology.

c). Eliminate left recursion from the following grammar

$$S \rightarrow AB, A \rightarrow BS \mid b, B \rightarrow SA \mid a$$

d). Discuss conversion of NFA into a DFA . also give the algorithm used in this conversion.

e). Explain non recursive predictive parsing. Consider the following grammar and construct the predictive parsing table

$$E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$E' \rightarrow +TE' \mid \epsilon$$

$$T \rightarrow FT'$$

$$T' \rightarrow *FT' \mid \epsilon$$

$$F \rightarrow F^* \mid a \mid b$$

## SECTION C

### 3. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

**10 x 1 = 10**

a). Give Operator –precedence parsing algorithm. Consider the following grammar and build up operator precedence table. Also parse the input string (id+(id\*id))

$E \rightarrow E + T \mid T$

$T \rightarrow T * F \mid F$

$F \rightarrow (E) \mid id$

b). For the grammar

$S \rightarrow aAd \mid bBd \mid aBe \mid bAe \quad A \rightarrow f, B \rightarrow f$

Construct LR(1) Parsing table .also draw the LALR table from the derived LR(1) parsing table.

### 4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

**10 x 1 = 10**

a). What is postfix notations ? translate  $(C+D)^*(E+Y)$  into postfix using syntax directed translation scheme(STDS)

b). consider the following grammar  $E \rightarrow E+E \mid E^*E \mid (E) \mid id$  . construct the SLR parsing table and suggest your final parsing table.

### 5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

**10 x 1 = 10**

a). Explain logical phase error and syntactic phase error . also suggest methods for recovery of error.

b). Generate three address code for  $C[A[i, j]] = B[i, j] + C[A[i, j]] + D[i + j]$  (You can assume any data for solving question , if needed) Assuming that all array elements are integer. Let A and B a 10 X 20 array with low1 =low2=1.

### 6. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

**10 x 1 = 10**

a). Give the algorithm for the elimination of local and global common Sub expression . discuss the algorithm with the help of example also.

b). consider the following three address code segments

**PROD := 0**

**I:= 1**

**T1:=4\*I**

**T2:=addr(A)-4**

**T3:=T2[T1]**

**T4:=addr(B)-4**

**T5:=T4[T1]**

**T6:=T3\*T5**

**PROD:=PROD +T6**

**I:=I+1**

**If i<=20 goto (3)**

- Find the basic blocks and flow graph of above sequence.
- Optimize the code sequence by applying function preserving transformation and loop optimization technique.

**7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:**

**10 x 1 = 10**

a). . Write short note on

- i. Loop optimization
- ii. Global data analysis

b). . Write short note on

- i. Direct acyclic graph
- ii. YACC parser generator