



Roll No:

## Subject Code: KAS102T

## B TECH (SEM-I) THEORY EXAMINATION 2020-21 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

## Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

**Note: 1.** Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably. **SECTION A** 

## 1. Attempt *all* questions in brief.

 $2 \ge 10 = 20$ 

Q no.	Question	Marks	СО	
a.	Explain impurity defects.	2	1	
b.	Why Teflon is highly chemically resistant?	2	5	
c.	What is selection rule?	2	2	
d.	On the basis of IR spectra, distinguish between intermolecular and intramolecular hydrogen bonding.	2	2	
e.	Calculate Phase, Component and Degree of freedom in the given system; $C_{(s)}+ \frac{1}{2}O_2 \xrightarrow{\leftarrow} CO(g)$	2	3	
	$C_{(s)}+ O_2 \xrightarrow{\leftarrow} CO_2(g)$			
f.	Why calgon is better than other internal process for water treatment?	2	4	N
g.	Give the preparations of Grignard reagent.	2	5	B
h.	Why O <sub>2</sub> is paramagnetic and N <sub>2</sub> is diamagnetic?	2	ł.	
i.	How can sulfur be estimated by ultimate method?	2	5	
j.	How much rust (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> .3H <sub>2</sub> O) can be produced by 3g of iron?	2	3	

## **SECTION B**

## 2. Attempt any *three* of the following:

## $3 \times 10 = 30$

Q no.	Question	Marks	СО
a.	With the help of Molecular orbital theory how Metallic bonding in	10	1
	metals can be explained?		
b.	Write the criteria for a molecule to show Raman, IR, Rotational and UV	10	2
	Spectra. Give the possible electronic transitions (UV spectra) in-		
	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> , CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH <sub>2</sub> , CH <sub>3</sub> CH=O and CH <sub>3</sub> -CH=CH-CH=CH-CH <sub>3</sub> .		
	How many fundamental Vibrational degrees of freedom are expected.		
	for the following molecules: CO <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> O and C <sub>2</sub> H?		
c.	The percentage composition of coal sample is: $C = 70$ %, $H_2 = 10$ %,	10	4
	$O_21\%$ , $S = 5\%$ , $ash = 0.5\%$ and $N = 0.3\%$ .		
	i.Calculate the quantity of air needed for complete combustion of 1kg of		
	coal, if 60% excess of air is supplied.		
	ii. Calculate the gross and net calorific value of the coal using dulong's		
	formula.		
d.	Give significance of Nernst equation.	10	3
	Consider a cell reaction: Zn / Zn $^{2+}$ [0.1M]    Cu $^{2+}$ [0.2M] / Cu		
	Standard reduction potential of $Zn^{2+}$ and $Cu^{2+}$ are -0.76V and 0.34V		
	respectively. Write half-cell reactions, complete cell reaction and		
	calculate EMF of the cell.		
e.	Distinguish between addition and condensation polymerization. Give	10	5
	monomers and one use each of PMMA, Polyethylene, Bakelite, PVC,		
	nylon6,6.,Buna S.		

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# **Roll No:**

## **SECTION C**

### 3. Attempt any one part of the following:

Q no.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	<ul> <li>i. Explain types of Non stoichiometric defects with examples.</li> <li>ii. Calculate bond order, magnetic behavior and order of stability of NO, NO<sup>-</sup>, NO<sup>+</sup></li> </ul>	10	1
b.	Write a note on liquid crystal describing classifications and applications of liquid crystals.	10	1

### Attempt any one part of the following: 4.

<b>L</b>	Question	Marks	CO
a.	The e.m.f. of the cell cd   cdcl <sub>2</sub> , 2.5 H <sub>2</sub> O (Saturated)    AgCl <sub>(s)</sub>   Ag involving following reaction $Cd(s)+2AgCl_{(s)}aq\leftrightarrow cdcl_2$ 2.5H <sub>2</sub> O(Saturated)+2Ag <sub>(s)</sub> is 0.6753V and 0.6915V at 25 <sup>o</sup> C and O <sup>o</sup> C.	10	3
	Calculate $\Delta$ H, $\Delta$ G and $\Delta$ S at 25°C.		
b.	Draw the Phase diagram of water and explain triple point and metastable state.	10	3
5.	Attempt any one part of the following:		r

### Attempt any one part of the following: 5.

Q no.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Write Notes on chromophores and Auxochrome. Explain Transitions in	10 9	. 2
	UV spectra.	5.	
b.	Explain the Microwave (Rotational) spectra of diatomic molecule and	10	2
	write their applications.	*	

### Attempt any one part of the following: 6.

Q no.	Question	Marks	СО
a.	Draw diagram of Bomb calorimeter. Explain proximate analysis of coal.	10	4
b.	Explain Ion exchange process of water softening. Zeolite softener was	10	4
	90% exhausted, when 10,000 hard water was passed through it. The		
	softener required 200 L of NaCL solution of strengths 50 gm/L.		
	Calculates the hardners of water.		

### Attempt any one part of the following: 7.

Q no.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Explain with equations preparations of acid, ketone, alcohol, alkanes and	10	5
	Organometallic compound from Grignard reagent.		
b.	What are composite materials? Give the classifications of composite	10	5
	materials?		